## AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS

Docket No.: 05986/100M536-US1

This listing of claims replaces all prior listings of claims in the application:

 (Currently amended) A vaccine composition comprising a mammalian prion protein and an <u>antigen carrier or delivery vehicle</u>, <u>wherein</u>: <u>adjuvant-eliciting a humoral immune</u> <u>response</u>

the mammalian prion protein is selected from the group consisting of bovine, deer, elk, and sheep;

the composition is suitable for mucosal administration; and

the composition elicits a humoral immune response that is predominantly associated with a mucosal IgA response and any concomitant immunoglobulin counterpart in other bodily fluids when introduced to a mammalian mucosal immune system.

- 2. (Cancel)
- (Currently amended) The composition of claim [[2]] \_\_\_, wherein the prion protein
  comprises an amino acid sequence which is a member of the group consisting of
  residues 90-144 of SEQ ID NO:1; residues 112-214-of SEQ ID NO:1; residues 93-156
  of one of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:4 or SEQ ID NO:8; and residues
  123-225 of one of SEO ID NO:2. SEO ID NO:3. SEO ID NO:4, or SEO ID NO:8.
- (Original) The composition of claim 3, wherein all amino acid residues are D-amino acids.
- 5-8. (Cancel)
- (Original) The composition of claim 1, wherein the adjuvant is cholera toxin subunit B
   (CT-B), heat-labile enterotoxin (LT) or aluminum hydroxide.

- (Original) The composition of claim 9, wherein the prion protein is covalently attached to the cholera toxin subunit B.
- (Withdrawn) A method of preventing or treating a prion disease, comprising mucosal administration of the vaccine of claim 1 to a mammalian subject in need thereof.
- (Withdrawn currently amended) The method of claim 11, wherein the mammalian subject is a member of the group consisting of human, bovine, deer, elk, and sheep.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 11, wherein the mucosal administration is a member selected from the group consisting of oral, intragastric, intranasal, rectal and intraocular administration.
- 14. (Cancel)
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 11, wherein the subject is bovine and the prion disease is bovine spongiform encephalopathy.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 11, wherein the subject is deer or elk and the prion disease is chronic wasting disease.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 11, wherein the subject is sheep and the prion disease is scrapie.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 11, further comprising repeating the mucosal administration at least once.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 18, comprising repeating the mucosal administration within one month after the first administration.
- (Currently amended) A vaeeine composition comprising an attenuated Salmonella typhii
  bacterium transfected spp strain transformed with a vector capable of expressing a
  mammalian prion protein, wherein:

the mammalian prion protein is selected from the group consisting of bovine, deer, elk, and sheep;

wherein the composition is suitable for mucosal administration; and

the composition elicits a humoral immune response that is predominantly associated with an IgA response and any concomitant immunoglobulin counterpart in other bodily fluids when introduced to a mammalian mucosal immune system.

- (Cancel)
- (Currently amended) The composition of claim [[21]] <u>20</u>, wherein the prion protein
  comprises an amino acid sequence which is a member of the group consisting of
  residues <u>90 144 of SEQ ID NO:1</u>, and residues <u>93 156</u> of one of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID
  NO:3, SEQ ID NO:4, and SEQ ID NO:8.
- (Original) The composition of claim 22, wherein all amino acid residues are D-amino acids.

## 24-27. (Cancel)

- (Original) The composition of claim 20, wherein the Salmonella spp strain is of a strain selected from Salmonella typhimurium LVR01, LVR03 and SL3261, Salmonella enteritidis LVR02, and Salmonella typhi CVD915.
- (Withdrawn) A method of preventing or treating a prion disease, comprising mucosal administration of the vaccine of claim 20 to a mammalian subject in need thereof.
- (Withdrawn currently amended) The method of claim 29, wherein the mammalian subject is a member of the group consisting human, boyine, deer, elk, and sheep.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein the mucosal administration is a member selected from the group consisting of oral, intragastric, intranasal, rectal and intraocular administration

- (Cancel)
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein the subject is bovine and the prion disease is bovine spongiform encephalopathy.

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- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein the subject is deer or elk and the prion disease is chronic wasting disease.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, wherein the subject is sheep and the prion disease is scrapie.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 29, further comprising repeating the mucosal administration at least once.
- (Withdrawn) The method of claim 36, comprising repeating the mucosal administration within one month after the first administration.
- 38. (Cancel)
- (Cancel)
- 40. (Withdrawn) A method for preventing prion disease comprising administering a priming dose of the pharmaceutical composition of claim 38 by an intradermal, subcutaneous, intramuscular, or intravenous route, and subsequently administering a booster dose of the pharmaceutical composition by an oral, nasal, intragastric, rectal, or intraocular route.

## 41-44. (Cancel)

 (Currently amended) The composition of claim [[21]] <u>20</u>, wherein the prion protein comprises an amino acid sequence which is a member of the group consisting of residues <del>112-214-of SEQ ID NO:1, and residues 123-225</del> of one of SEQ ID NO:2, SEQ ID NO:3, SEQ ID NO:4, and SEQ ID NO:8.  (Original) The composition of claim 45, wherein all amino acid residues are D-amino acids.

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47-50. (Cancel)